

5-22-1924

Bulloch Times (Statesboro News-Statesboro Eagle)

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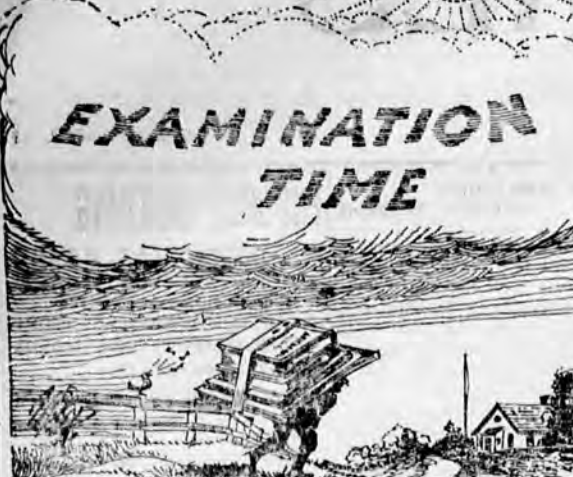
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Cloudy and Unsettled

EXAMINATION TIME



SENIOR CLASS NIGHT AT A. & M. SCHOOL

(Continued from page 1)

tableaux, while the English and expression departments offer several plays and skits of highly amusing and interesting character. Through-out the evening readings and musical selections by the members of senior class will add to the interest of the occasion. Two choruses will take to the stage this evening. One is a flower song by the senior girls. Special costumes and steps will help make this a popular number. The boys of the class offer the Soldier's Chorus from Faust as their musical bit.

Many who have planned to attend only the last three days of the commencement will do well to alter their plans and include the Friday night performance in their visit to the school.

The complete program is as follows: (The following numbers represent the different departments.)

1. Mary and Jane's Accomplishments—Home Economics Department.
2. Chorus—Senior Girls, Music Department.
3. Chemistry Experiment—Science Department.
4. Tableau, School Room Scene—Teachers Training Department.
5. Physics Experiment—Science Department.
6. Patriotic Scenes and Tableaux—History Department.
7. Chorus—Boys, Music Department.
8. Reading, "Old Sweetheart of Mine"—Ruby Girardeau, Expression Department.
9. Demonstration—Agricultural Department.
10. Play, "It Ain't My Fault"—English and Expression Departments.

Special music by Miss McCall, Miss Nellie Evans and Mr. Green.

PEANUT GROWERS SELECT DIRECTORS

(Continued from page 1)

headquarters of the co-op have expressed the hope that every member will vote, and that all exercise care in selecting the men best qualified to handle big business affairs, as the association handles an enormous volume of business.

Nominees from whom the members will make a choice in the respective districts are: First district, P. J. Brown of Albany and J. C. Odum of Newton; second district, J. P. McKee of Camilla and T. B. Jenkins of Sumner; third district, L. E. Calhoun of Colquitt and J. Frank Brown of Daltonville; fourth district, W. J. Oliver of Shelburne and H. A. Petty of Dawson; fifth district, C. M. Massey of Barwick and B. W. Stone of Thomasville; sixth district, J. M. Hunt of Catoosa and F. A. Hattaway of Glenwood; seventh district, W. R. Jackson of Greensboro and W. C. Merritt of Greensboro; eighth district, Henry R. DeJarnette of Eatonton (unanimous primary vote); ninth district, E. C. Kelly of Monticello and Thos. P. Peacock of Rathbone; tenth district, R. L. Arnall of Senoia and L. E. Arnall of Senoia.

BETTER THAN PILLS FOR LIVER ILLS.

You can't feel so good but what **W.R.** will make you feel better.

W. H. ELLIS COMPANY

CROSSING STREET AN ADVENTURE IN LONDON

Police to Get Greater Powers to Handle Traffic.

London.—With the total number of street accidents resulting the record of 1923 for 1922 London is now beginning to approximate New York in inevitable pre-eminence in traffic casualties. The figures compiled by the "Safety First" council in London include accidents involving persons or property.

Private automobiles lead the field as causing accidents, with motor trucks second. Buses, a great number of which were added to the city's total during the year, were responsible for fewer casualties than were bicycles.

"It will not be long," a London newspaper declares, "before it will be a minor adventure to get across the street. The hazard may prove a successful solution to the problem of cancer by preventing people from living too long."

These figures have created a widespread demand that steps be taken by the government to check the perils of life and limb incidental to London's present traffic chaos. There is a call for greater powers to be given the police to cope with the traffic problem.

"Short of a full inquiry or development of additional eyes and emergency wings by pedestrians—the accident roll seems destined to grow larger," the newspaper article concludes. "The comment sums up the general view-point here."

Macon, May 19.—The professions will claim 57.5 per cent of the student body of Mercer University upon their leaving college, according to a survey of selected occupations just taken. Law, medicine and the ministry will get 48.9 per cent of the 1000 students here when they graduate, while the remainder of the professional quota expect to teach and do newspaper work.

Those who are undecided as to what shall be their life work make up 28.9 per cent of the total. Many of this latter number, based on past indications, will teach upon leaving college. Otherwise, the professions will get few of those who yet have not chosen a vocation.

Every student graduating from Mercer is required to pass up a course in education, journalism and theology before taking a degree. This fact probably influences, in many of the undecided cases, the making of a decision toward one of these fields. The number of those who return several years after graduating to take up specialized study is growing each year.

MERCER GRADUATES ENTER THE PROFESSIONS

The complete survey of future vocations of the 1,000 students is as follows: Undecided, 28.9 per cent; ministry, 23.6 per cent; law, 15.3 per cent; medicine, 10 per cent; special commercial work, 6.2 per cent; teaching, 5.5 per cent; newspaper work, 3.1 per cent; engineering, 2.9 per cent; accounting, 2.8 per cent; and in other lines, 3.2 per cent.

Woman Gets \$3,000 as "Extra Rib" Plea Fails

Philadelphia.—After a brief deliberation, a jury before Judge Anderson in the personal damage suit of Lisette Wessels against Barthold Rosenberger, returned a verdict of \$3,000 for the plaintiff.

As to whether she possesses the proverbial extra rib of woman, or had one of the regular number split into two sections by the accident in which she was hurt, was an interesting and unusual feature of the testimony. She was knocked down by the defendant's automobile. The rib condition was the bone of contention in the medical testimony.

Counsel for the defense sought to prove by the doctor who had examined the injured woman that the so-called fracture or divided rib was in reality the much-discussed extra rib of woman. The physician replied in the negative.

Judge Anderson restricted the controversy over the extra rib, remarking dryly: "Most of us know a rib was taken from Adam to make Eve."

Rich New York Woman Leaves Driver \$17,000

New York.—Mary E. B. Foote of Larchmont, prominent member of the New York Seaside club, in her will filed for probate at White Plains recently, left to her chauffeur, Peter Weiss, and his wife, real estate worth more than \$10,000, her \$100,000 income and the contents of her garage. Weiss had been in her employ 10 years.

Mrs. Foote's estate is valued at \$150,000. By her will, Elsie Winchester Coudelle and Mary Rosemond Coudelle, said to be distant relatives of President Coudelle, of Watertown, Mass., was left her jewelry and furniture.

The residue is left equally to the niece and a nephew, Joshua Warren Coudelle.

Defective Children Are Placed in Institutions

Washington.—Enrollment of mentally defective children in the United States has increased from 10,217 in 1910 to 21,400 in 1920. In 1920, 63,389 in 214 schools in 1922 and during the last four years has shown a gain of 15 per cent. The figures, which were issued by the federal bureau of education, were cited as indicating a growing interest in efforts to provide for subnormal children. The increase, it was added, does not mean the percentage of defective children has grown, but merely that the enrollment of them has extended with the advance of their birth rate.

Improper Diet Causes Death of War Elephant

Berlin.—Mary, the only elephant in the world who died here, in the great war, died recently at the Berlin zoo, where she had been a resident the best part of 35 years. Death was due to a complication of diseases.

Great Diamond Rush Now on in Transvaal

Paris.—More than 10,000 prospectors are feverishly fighting to make claims in the diamond fields in the Transvaal region, following recent discoveries of huge veins, rivaling the finds in the Kimberly field, according to advices reaching Paris.

The diamond rush, recalling the Yukon gold stampede, was started when a Rhodesian farmer found a dozen large diamonds in the soil of his apparently worthless land. One of the diamonds weighed 35 carats.

WARNING.

All persons are warned not to trade for a certain note for the sum of \$50 signed by James Clark and payable to Alex. Akins, dated March 17, 1924, and dated payable October 1, 1924. The said note will not be paid, the consideration having failed.

This April 2, 1924. JAMES CLARK.

MAN ASKS WHAT TO DO WITH UNWANTED MILLION

Cincinnati, May 19.—Arthur Nash "Golden Rule" manufacturer, is asking the world to tell him what to do with a million dollars.

Nash is about to become a millionaire. And he doesn't want to be one. The "Golden Rule" plan under which he runs his factory giving his employees their share of the profits, has paid. Shortly he will own more than a million dollars worth of the company's stock.

"I have seen too many crimes committed under the protection of a millionaire's cloak," says Nash. "I don't care to be one."

In a few days a 100 per cent stock dividend in his company will make him worth \$1,250,000.

So he is asking, "What shall I do with my million?" in thirty-three religious periodicals this week. Nash believes readers of these papers have a better conception of the Golden Rule than he.

"This question," said Nash, "is a test of their Christianity."

TENANT FARMERS QUIT; DEMAND WEEVIL POISON

Americus, Ga., May 19.—Tenant farmers, whose landlords have failed to furnish them sufficient supplies of calcium arsenate with which to poison their cotton plants, are quitting Sumter county farms, according to information reaching Americus today.

In at least one instance, it is stated, a tenant farmer, operating six plows, has deserted his farm upon the refusal of the landlord to provide adequate dusting machines and poison supplies. This, it is said, is due to the intensive educational campaign being carried on in the county which has already created an overwhelming sentiment favorable to poisoning. Poisoning operations are already well under way, although cotton plants are small.

EGGS—You can still get eggs from your special matings.

C. R. Rode Jr. and Sons at \$1.50 per setting. Best Reds in county as they have been winning the blue ribbons for the last three years. Call Mr. Henderson Har. Rt. C, phone 2113 (22may19p)

BIRDSEY FLOUR MILLS

MANUFACTURERS
MACON, GA.

Birdsey's Best

SUPER GRADE FLOUR

BLEACHED
24 BIRDSEY'S 15 LBS.
3 SUPER GRADE 15 LBS.

STATESBORO GROCERY COMPANY
Wholesale Distributors

NOTICE

It is mutually agreed that beginning April 1, 1924, the undersigned will charge for ambulance service as follows:

Within city limits, \$3.00 per trip.

Beyond city limits, \$3.00 per trip, plus 50c per mile for distance from city limits.

This March 14, 1924.

STATESBORO UNDERTAKING CO.,
By J. J. Zetterwer.

BURNEY & OLLIFF,
M. R. Olliff.

CHICKENS AND EGGS WANTED—Will pay highest market price for purebred. MRS. J. M. BAILEY, Route 6, Statesboro. (17ap2tp)

FOR SALE—Eggs from purebred Barred Rocks at \$1.00 per setting of 15, delivered by parcel post. W. C. CROMLEY, Brooklet, Ga. (27mar19p) (28feb4tp)

All Savings Are Not Real Savings

IT'S ONE THING TO BUY YOUR FOOD AT A LOW PRICE—BUT IT'S ANOTHER THING TO GET THE FINEST QUALITY AND AT THE SAME TIME EFFECT A SAVING.

FRESH QUALITY IS ALWAYS GUARANTEED AND FRESH PRICES MEAN A SAVING FOR YOU. TRY US ON YOUR NEXT ORDER.

TRADE AT FRESH AND BE SURE—YOU'LL BE DOLLARS AHEAD IN THE LONG RUN.

Specials for Saturday

Full Cream Cheese, pound 26c

Bull Head Pork and Beans, can 9c

Del Monte Yellow Cling Peaches, large can 27c

Premier Salad Dressing, large bottle 37c

Sterling Ball Lye 10c

White Rose Corn Starch 12 1/2c

Cow Brand Soda 4 1/2c

Black Eye Peas 10c

Lemons, dozen 26c

Ivory Soap (medium size) 7 1/2c

Clipper Brand Tomatoes 17c & 12c

Snowdrift Lard, 2 pounds, 39c; 4 pounds, 77c; 8 pounds, \$1.47.

Dime Brand Milk 16c

Del Monte Sliced Pineapple 42c & 32c

Beauchamp Peanut Butter 31c, 19c & 12 1/2c

Heinz Tomato Ketchup 31c & 21c

Heinz Chow Chow Pickle 36c & 21c

Grandee Stuffed Olives 57c, 33c & 18c

Welch's Grape Juice 65c, 35c & 14c

Sun-Kist Peas 39c & 24c

Grandee Cherries 47c, 27c & 13c

QUALITY FOODS

FRESH

LOWER STORES PRICES

Chewing Gum Aids Digestion

By C. Houston Gaudin
National Authority on Nutrition
Publisher of The Food—America's Leading Food Magazine

Everyone knows we are given to eating more than we actually need, but when the table is heaped with good food, "what's a fellow to do?"

Things are so tempting, and so palatable! Why not enjoy them?

But many a heavy meal which is hugely enjoyed during the process of eating is far from enjoyable during the process of digestion!

Then it is that chewing gum comes to the rescue.

Dr. W. A. Evans, former commissioner of health in Chicago, says in his book, "How to Keep Well":

"To chew gum after a meal aids digestion. Most people do not chew their food long enough to mix saliva with it thoroughly. The chewing of gum adds some saliva to the stomach contents. It is of more service in stimulating the stomach muscle. It is especially serviceable in helping the stomach to empty its contents. If one has over-eaten and the stomach is heavy something is gained by chewing gum for half an hour, beginning two hours after eating." And it also helps to keep the teeth clean.

Chewing the base of chewing gum, is the milky juice which is secreted by the inner bark of a tropical tree known as the Achras Sapota.

Only during the rainy season are the trees "bled."

After being refined and sterilized, the chicle is mixed with sugar and flavoring and moulded into the familiar form which has become so popular.

Mr. Vandiver has sent out the following appeal to the citizens of the state:

"All citizens of Georgia, and particularly persons who have registered their cars for 1924, are requested by the department of revenue, whenever possible, to convert into an equalization school fund, so that the children of Dawson county would have the same opportunities as those of Fulton county."

The county boards of education should be elected by the people, for they now have tax levying powers. The county should be a unit of education and every child given the same opportunity in life, with at least one high school in every rural district in Georgia."

Public roads are dealt with as follows:

"By next year we will be getting \$8,000,000, for building and maintaining our public roads, and that is enough. I am opposed to any bond issue for roads or for any other purpose."

"In road building we must pay as we go, build permanent roads and waste no money on the job. The \$400 car should not pay the same motor license as a \$4,000. We must lift the tax burden off the poor man."

Upon the operation of the courts he says:

"There should be but three classes of courts—justice courts, superior courts and supreme courts. We must enlarge the jurisdiction of our justice courts and combine the court of appeals with the supreme court, and have a civil and criminal division of the supreme court."

Discussing general subjects, the platform says:

"I will not sign any appropriation bill until I have approved the tax acts, and will not sign the tax acts unless they afford the citizen the right of appeal. I will stand for the rigid enforcement of all our laws by the solemn judgments of orderly courts and not otherwise make any one attempt to execute the laws."

"Freedom of speech and of the press must be maintained at any cost."

"No sect, faction, clique or clan should run the Governor's office. If elected I will know how to say 'yes' to my enemy when he is right, and 'no' to my friend when he is wrong."

"The spirit of civic righteousness must be brought into our politics and into the affairs of our state in an effort to approach the spirit of Divine righteousness as lived by our Christian citizens."

"No political loafer, ring politician or 'fix' head need be necessary to headquarter for I am a poor man, and I will not obligate myself to a crook for the Governor's office."

"I favor putting county officers on salary in the large city counties but not in the rural counties."

"In order for the above principles to win I call upon the white voters to elect a house and senate that will stand with me. I expect to carry my fight into every county in Georgia in order to win and to redeem our state, and to bring peace and plenty to our people."

"This announcement is made subject to our white primary to be held on the second Wednesday in September next."

It is the first definite announcement of political policy for the campaign this summer.

FOR JUDGE SUPERIOR COURT.

To the Voters of Ogeechee Circuit: I will be a candidate to succeed myself as judge of the Superior Court of the Ogeechee Circuit, subject to the next state Democratic primary. I will appreciate your vote very much.

H. B. STANLEY.

WE PAY CASH FOR YOUR PRODUCE. OLSEN BLAND. (22may19p)

DUCK EGGS—Indian Runner duck eggs at \$1.00 per setting of 12; purebred. MRS. J. M. BAILEY, Route 6, Statesboro. (17ap2tp)

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Partnership dissolved. The law firm of Moore & Neville has this day dissolved. Mr. Neville will remain in the present office, and Mr. Moore will continue the offices formerly occupied by Dr. D. L. Deal and Mr. Neville in the same building. Business already in the hands of the firm will be looked after by both. May 21, 1924. I. P. MOORE, W. G. NEVILLE. (22may19p)

TRESPASS NOTICE. My lands on Mill creek are posted from the Lee wash hole to the Moore bridge. Any person trespassing without permission or payment of entry fee will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law. This April 22, 1924. JOHN C. BARNES. (1may2tp)

FORMULA FOR KILLING. Mosquitoes, Flies, Fleas, Bedbugs, Moths, Cockroaches and Ants in the house, yard or kennel. Do you want to learn how to kill these pests? Make your own insecticide. At home, as simple to make as a pot of coffee, and very cheap. Mail us 25 cents, stamps or coin, and we will mail you the formula for making a stainless insecticide that will positively kill above mentioned insects and many more. Send 25 cents today. It will be the best quarter you ever invested. FLORIDA CHEMICAL CO., 818 St. and Tallmadge Ave., P. O. Box 4538, Jacksonville, Fla. (22may2tp)

NOTICE. Statesboro Northern Railway hereby gives notice that on the 15th day of May, 1924, it filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission at Washington, D. C., its application for a certificate that the present and future public convenience and necessity require the acquisition by it of a line of railroad extending from a connection with the Georgia Railroad at Stevens Crossing, Emanuel county, in a general southwesterly direction to the Florida Gulf Coast, a distance of approximately forty (40) miles, all in the state of Georgia.

Statesboro Northern Railway. (22may3tp)

FOR OVER 200 YEARS. Haarlem oil has been a world-wide remedy for kidney, liver and bladder disorders, rheumatism, lumbago and uric acid conditions.

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Countess de la Porta

Countess de la Porta, wife of Count G. F. de la Porta, new secretary of the Italian embassy in Washington, is a woman of extreme beauty, being a true Italian type. As the wife of one of the most important diplomats in Washington, Countess de la Porta will be one of the most prominent members of the diplomatic set.

Mr. Vandiver has sent out the following appeal to the citizens of the state:

"All citizens of Georgia, and particularly persons who have registered their cars for 1924, are requested by the department of revenue, whenever possible, to convert into an equalization school fund, so that the children of Dawson county would have the same opportunities as those of Fulton county."

The county boards of education should be elected by the people, for they now have tax levying powers. The county should be a unit of education and every child given the same opportunity in life, with at least one high school in every rural district in Georgia."

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"In road building we must pay as we go, build permanent roads and waste no money on the job. The \$400 car should not pay the same motor

BULLOCH TIMES

AND
The Statesboro News

D. B. TURNER, Editor and Owner.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One Year, \$1.50; Six Months, 75c;
Four Months, 50c.

Entered as second-class March 28, 1905, at the postoffice at Statesboro, Ga., under the Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

THE PRESIDENT'S VETO.

In the olden days of our farm life, there were kept a hundred colonies of bees on the farm. Along about this time of year it was their custom to swarm. If not properly cared for, they went away into the woods and were lost. Maybe they disintegrated, or maybe they found a new nest.

All the same to us who lost them. When a swarm came out, it was our family custom to seize all manner of noise-making instruments and play upon them to confuse the bees. One of our rump a bell, another beat a plover and the music of many was deafening. Back in the recesses of our minds we recognized that if the bees went away into the woods they were liable to find a new home in which to live and store their honey for the winter—and our noise-making was a sort of presentation of this possibility. Think you, though, that it was useless patriotism which moved us? Dismiss the thought. If they did what they were threatening to do, it meant a definite and distinct loss to us. That was the motive which controlled. Our noise-making was in our own personal interest.

The slightest concern for the bees or the fact that they were of value to us. If our bells and pans and plover talked to them of patriotism and the future, it was only to divert them from what they had on their minds and settle them before they had abandoned us and entailed a definite loss.

The message of the President addressed to the House of Representatives, embracing his veto of the bonus bill, was as strong a document as might properly have been expected on so important a matter.

The error into which the President fell, however, is one which no man to most of the opponents of the bonus. He carried too many noise-making instruments in his orchestra and he beat too loud on the tin pan. The real big objection to the bonus measure is the dollars and cents involved. It is that phase which the opponents of the measure are interested in, and it is the same thing which his opponents are fighting. Other elements of the situation, in which the morality of the proposition is attempted to be held up, are mere noise-makers to conceal the real issue.

Bolled down to sound figures, it is estimated that the bonus will cost the people of the United States around three billion dollars. That is why the soldiers and their adherents are so ardently interested. If the bonus didn't promise to bring these billions of dollars, or something akin, into the hands of the ex-service men, it is hard to imagine them growing enthusiastic over the measure. It is equally hard to imagine the opponents being wrought to any considerable degree. Take away the billions of dollars, and the measure will be as quickly on one side as the other.

This brings us to the assertion that the fight over the measure is a battle between the soldiers and their adherents on the one side striving to get the money, against the financiers on the other side who are fighting against the prospect of being made to supply it. Incidentally there are a large number of smaller fry, taxpayers who are not largely concerned directly with the prospect of increased taxation, who, recognizing the certainty of increased cost of living due to the continued high taxes, find themselves in keen accord with the opponents of the bonus. In this latter class are the multitudes who will pay increased taxes upon the necessities and luxuries of life—and most of us are that class.

The argument advanced by the President in opposition to the bonus was sound and faultless so far as it pertains to the burdens of the people who must pay the tax. The weak point in his veto message—and the one which he sought to play up the strongest—was the "moral" and "spiritual" phase of the measure. His argument, which has been the favorite of most of those who did the least in a personal way to win the war—was that it was patriotism that impelled the boys of our land to bare their breasts to German bullets, and that any attempt to compensate in cash terms would commercialize their patriotism and constitute an insult.

All this talk about patriotism was a fine enough thing to play up while the boys were being mustered into service. It was well enough to recognize those qualities which prompted

young men to walk into the breach, some voluntarily and others reluctantly because their country had put the duty upon them, and we were glad to have the six million boys step in between us and the threatening German hordes. Every boy in uniform appealed to our admiration and was a hero and patriot as long as he represented us. Our government gave the soldier boys double pay over the previous scale of compensation. This was not an insult to their patriotism. Double the amount we gave them would not have equalized them with the scale of prosperity permitted to those favored ones who remained at home in the commercial walls of life, nor would it have in any wise lessened the degree or quality of patriotism which we pretended to admire.

If it would have been no crime then—if it would not have been an insult to their patriotism nor a "moral" or "spiritual" wrong—it ought not now to be a crime involving morals or spirituality to make a belated addition to their compensation.

The charge about "insult" is mere noise to confuse. If a person should have his life saved by another, or some valued service rendered as a voluntary kindness, the person who had been served would not be stopped by fear of giving offense from bestowing upon his benefactor a cash sum of almost any proportions. If to do so would be an insult, then such indignities are gracious and pardonable in the best regulated circles.

If patriotism and duty are virtues to be lionized, the soldier boys who have already contributed their share of these virtues may be pardoned if they suggest that a modicum of the appreciation which the bonus opponents have professed can be put into dollars and cents without giving mortal offense. Indeed, the service already rendered will be made no less patriotic if some of the money should be made to partially equalize in dollars and cents for the lost time and lost opportunities in which others of their fellows, exempted for one cause or another by their government, were reveling while the boys in uniform stood between our nation and the threat of a definite loss.

Mr. Coolidge and those who adopt him as their spokesman must arrogate to themselves any superior claims to purity of ideals or patriotism. If they really knew the unselfish significance of the terms, they would be heard to argue in favor of renewed sacrifice on their part as a partial expression of appreciation for services rendered them in that trying time when young men were offering their lives in their defense. Mr. Coolidge and his kind have no monopoly upon high ideals. Stripped to the heart, their real and only opinion on the bonus is that it will cost somebody something, directly or indirectly. It is not a wild thing to guess who that somebody is.

POLITICIANS MUST HAVE JOBS.

In a recent interview, Ole Hanson, former mayor of Seattle and advocate of municipal ownership, gave his present views with characteristic vigor. He said:

"Interest rates for municipal bonds are less. They are tax-exempt. Municipally-owned utilities can obtain franchises at no cost. But, properly they should be able to sell their product, cheaper than private companies. But do they do this? I do not think so, and the reasons are obvious."

"Municipal properties are immediately removed from the tax rolls, thus increasing the burden upon every citizen. The purchasing power of every dollar he spends for food, clothes, rent and entertainment is reduced by that fraction sum necessary to make up the deficit in the public treasury by loss to city of taxes formerly paid by the private company."

"The loss of efficiency in operating plant resulting from municipal ownership is a well-recognized phenomenon. Private companies will pay for losses, and have the incentive to be chief requisites for successful operation of a business as technical and intricate as a public utility."

"Municipal enterprises often will pay a higher rate than current price for labor. Municipal or government ownership is synonymous with more jobs, more pay, less work."

"Don't Pills are for weak kidneys. Local evidence proves their merit. Mrs. J. J. Thompson, 121 South College street, Statesboro, says: 'I can recommend Don's Pills. I had an attack of kidney trouble and could hardly get around. There was a severe throbbing through the small of my back and my feet bled badly. I suffered from severe backache and my head. I used Don's Pills, getting my supply at the Bulloch Drug Co., and they soon rid me of the trouble.'"

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Don's Pills—the same that Mr. Thompson had. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. (4)

Septuagenarian Hurdler



Mr. T. Goodyear of Reidsville, North Carolina, in his seventy-fifth year, but you'd never know it to see him handle a horse with the skill and the nerve of a youngster who makes a business of riding on western trails. The child about "insult" is mere noise to confuse. If a person should have his life saved by another, or some valued service rendered as a voluntary kindness, the person who had been served would not be stopped by fear of giving offense from bestowing upon his benefactor a cash sum of almost any proportions. If to do so would be an insult, then such indignities are gracious and pardonable in the best regulated circles.

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ONE WAY TO HELP FARMER.

Soil fertility lies at the very basis of human life. As soil grows poor the human race also suffers. It is consuming and wasting its soil fertility at a rapid rate.

We have come to the point where our land must be fed if it would feed us. The question asks itself: Can soil be kept indefinitely fertile? The answer is found in that fact that the human race has never been able to grow crops for 2,000 years and more, and is not very fertile. But such land is not to be found except in stable civilizations.

Within the memory of men now living, commercial fertilizers in America were hardly known. America now consumes over 6,000,000 tons of these every year. Of this, 8 per cent is from raw materials found in our own country, but the 20 per cent we buy from abroad costs us more than \$35,000,000 every year.

This money goes mostly to Germany for potash and Chile for nitrates. Potassium nitrogen and phosphorus are the three elements most needed for soil sustenance, and these are what we seek in commercial fertilizers. Raw phosphorus we have in abundance. Indeed, the world comes to us for it, because our deposits now open are very rich and easily worked.

One way to help the farmer besides lending him money and marketing his products is to insure him cheap fertilizers as a national policy.

FINANCING FARM MORTGAGES.

January 1, 1920, census bureau showed \$7,857,700,000 farm mortgage debt. The census enumerators only reported \$4,003,767,192, having secured returns on only about half the mortgaged debt.

Based on these facts, farm mortgage debts, January 1, 1924, were estimated at \$10,500,000,000. The loans carried on farm mortgage debts are distributed as follows: Carried by farm mortgage bankers, \$2,450,000,000; farm loan companies, \$1,000,000,000; life insurance companies, \$1,672,000,000; fraternal insurance companies, \$2,884,864,313; federal land banks, \$799,596,834; joint stock land banks, \$592,635,553.

This is a remarkable showing of small percentage of farm mortgage debt mostly held by farm loan banks and insurance companies with aggregate farm values as security of \$79,000,000,000.

American agriculture is operated on about 15 per cent of borrowed capital and 85 per cent of capital owned by the farmers themselves.

This is a remarkable contrast to all other lines of business, industries and corporations run on an average with 50 per cent or more of borrowed capital.

"IN A BAD WAY."

Many a Statesboro reader will feel grateful for this information. If your back gives out; Becomes lame, weak or aching; If urinary troubles set in; Perhaps your kidneys are "in a bad way."

Don's Pills are for weak kidneys. Local evidence proves their merit. Mrs. J. J. Thompson, 121 South College street, Statesboro, says: "I can recommend Don's Pills. I had an attack of kidney trouble and could hardly get around. There was a severe throbbing through the small of my back and my feet bled badly. I suffered from severe backache and my head. I used Don's Pills, getting my supply at the Bulloch Drug Co., and they soon rid me of the trouble."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Don's Pills—the same that Mr. Thompson had. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. (4)

We carry every color in Dennison's crepe paper; have just received a complete line of colors. W. H. ELLIS (10ap11c)

W. H. ELLIS, 10ap11c

THAW FREE AFTER SEVENTEEN YEARS

HIS DIVORCED WIFE WITH-DRAWS MOTION FOR HIS RETRIAL.

Philadelphia, May 19.—Harry K. Thaw, slayer of Stanford White, is free tonight after 17 years of intermittent confinement in jails and asylums.

After withdrawal of a motion for retrial filed by his divorced wife, Evelyn Nesbit, Common Pleas Judge Monaghan tonight entered judgment on the verdict of the jury which declared that he be given his liberty unconditionally, that his mother, Mrs. Mary Copeland Thaw, be discharged as committee of his person and that his property be restored to him by the trustee of his estate.

Thaw, who is sitting his mother in Pittsburgh, was immediately taken to the court's action. He had been on parole from the Pennsylvania hospital for mental and nervous diseases since the jury adjudged him sane on April 22. A hospital attendant accompanied him to Pittsburgh.

Former Judge J. M. Patterson, Thaw's counsel, said tonight that Thaw would voluntarily appear in New York to answer charges pending against him for an alleged beating administered to Frederick Gump, Jr., of Kansas City, in 1917. A suit for damages, brought by Gump's father, has been settled out of court.

Argument on Miss Nesbit's motion for a new trial was to have been heard today. William A. Gray, her counsel, however, informed the court that his client wished to withdraw the motion. Thaw's counsel consented.

Some days ago, in announcing her intention to withdraw Miss Nesbit's declaration that "a working girl could not fight the Thaw Millions," Miss Nesbit was permitted to intervene in the case through her son, Russell William Thaw, who she claims has been antipathetic to her interests. Her husband's estate said to total more than \$1,000,000. Trustees of the estate, who also contested the case, declared themselves satisfied with the verdict of the jury and took no action to block the release.

NOTICE, MELON GROWERS.

All members of the Watermelon Association of Preoria local are asked to meet at Preoria on Tuesday, May 27th, at 1:30 p. m., to let the contract for landing melons for the coming season.

W. W. MIKELL, Director.

MISS ADA MILLER.

Miss Ada Miller, aged 48 years, died Tuesday night at the home of her mother, Mrs. I. S. L. Miller, on Zettrower avenue, following an illness of several years. Interment was at Macedonia church Wednesday afternoon and was conducted by Rev. W. T. Granade, of the Statesboro Baptist church, assisted by Rev. Leland Moore of the Methodist church.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have several thousand dollars to loan in small amounts on improved real estate.

W. C. PARKER, or W. E. McDUGGALL, (15may21c)

Plenty of Lewis 63 Cotton Seed; none better. L. A. WARNOCK, BROOKLYN, Ga. (10ap11c)

FOR SALE—Eggs from purebred Barred Rocks at \$1.00 per setting of 15, delivered by parcel post. W. C. CROMLEY, Brooklyn, Ga. (10ap11c)

WHIP THE BOLL WEEVIL AND MAKE A COTTON CROP

I wish to notify the public that I am again handling the time-tried boll weevil remedy, Weevilpin, which I sold last year and proved its efficacy. Don't be misled by the many cheap imitations which claim so much and do so little. Weevilpin has been fully tried and it has proved its worth to the cotton farmer. With the use of this remedy I made four bales last year on five acres. Will gladly furnish the names of others who used the remedy.

The prices will be as follows: 60 cents per gallon for 50-gallon lots; 65 cents in 25-gallon lots; 70 cents in 10-gallon lots, and 75 cents in 5-gallon lots, f. o. b. Statesboro.

This preparation comes double strength, and should be diluted with equal water.

H. W. FUTCH, Pembroke, Ga., Rt. 1, Phone No. 411 Pembroke. (27mar41c)

Notice to Debtors and Creditors. All persons having claims against the estate of Mary Lee Armstrong are notified to present them to the undersigned within the time specified by law, and all parties indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate settlement with the undersigned.

This is the 15th day of May, 1924. S. C. GRIVVER & G. S. JOHNSON, Executors of estate of Mary Lee Armstrong. (15may11c)

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FARMERS STATE BANK REGISTER, GEORGIA

RESOURCES

Bills receivable \$72,807.23
Stocks and bonds 1,700.00
Furniture and fixtures 1,800.00
Cash on hand 25,227.26

TOTAL \$101,534.49
Capital stock paid in \$15,000.00
Profits 3,697.76
Deposits 62,886.73
Bills Payable 20,000.00

TOTAL \$101,534.49
JAS. RIGGS, President. JNO. R. GODBEE, Cashier
WE APPRECIATE YOUR BUSINESS.

Savannah Press Readers

We wish to inform our patrons in Statesboro, that, effective Monday, May 26, the agency of the Savannah Press in Statesboro will be handled exclusively by Britt Cumming, who will have headquarters at Holland Drug Co. Delivery will be made to every part of the city by carriers as at present. We shall appreciate all business extended to him.

The Savannah Press

(22may11c)

Highest Cash Prices For Poultry

The Georgia & Florida Railway POULTRY CAR

Will Be In
Statesboro Monday, May 26th
From 9 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

THIS CAR WILL BE AT SAVANNAH & STATESBORO RAILWAY STATION AT STATESBORO

CARS OPERATED BY THE GEORGIA & FLORIDA RAILWAY AND SUPERVISED BY THE GEORGIA BUREAU OF MARKETS, MR. L. B. JACKSON, DIRECTOR. POULTRY BOUGHT BY J. A. KELLY, ATLANTA, GA., ON THIS RUN.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CALL ON GEO. T. GROOVER, AGENT, PHONE 66, STATESBORO, GA.

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Want Ads

ONE CENT A WORD PER ISSUE
NO AD TAKEN FOR LESS THAN TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A WEEK

HAY—A few tons country hay. C. P. OLLIFF.
FOR SALE—Quantity of corn in ear for sale. W. F. WYATT, Brooklet, Ga. (15may11c)

FINE COW FOR SALE; four gallons milk; nearly two pounds butter. R. B. QUATTLEBAUM, 44 Oak St. (22may11c)

WANTED TO RENT—6-room dwelling with bath, prefer near school building. PAUL B. LEWIS, No. 15 Courtland street. (15may11c)

FOR RENT—Two or three rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Andersonville, DR. C. W. HILLIARD, Phone 480 or 2714. (15ap11c)

ROOMS FOR RENT—Nice connecting rooms suitable for light housekeeping, new residence, close in. Phone 253-R. (24may11c)

FLORIDA LANDS AND HOMES. FOR SALE—For full particulars address J. A. SCARBOROUGH, Plant City, Fla. (21ap11c)

FLOWERS—I have a variety of root cuttings and not plants for sale. Zienna plants, all colors. MRS. JOHN P. JONES, North College St. (22may11c)

FOR SALE—My entire flock of 200 Leghorn hens, 750 pullets and cockerels from 5 to 16 weeks old. F. W. ELARBEE, Brooklet, Ga. (22may11c)

FOR SALE—My wild land on Park-halter road between W. Mikell's and R. E. Lee's; well timbered. Also an offer, MISS ALICE KREIBER, 909 E. 37th St., Savannah, Ga. (17ap11c)

LOST—On Savannah avenue, East Main, South of school, a black and white, 3-year-old, smooth black rubber with gold collar. Return and get reward. WINNIE JONES, 9th Grade. (22may11c)

FOR SALE—Have just received a large quantity of good milk cows. Any one wanting one or more will do well to see this lot of cows. From 4 to 8 gallons of milk per day is the way they are milking. See them at BLAND'S DAIRY, 1 mile from Metter, Ga. (22may11c)

FOR SOLICITOR GENERAL.

To the Voters of Bulloch County: I announce myself a candidate for the office of solicitor general of the Ogeechee Judicial Circuit, subject to the rules of the state Democratic primary, and will deeply appreciate the support and influence of the voters of Bulloch county.

Respectfully yours,
JOHN C. HOLLINGSWORTH.

CRIST MILL.

Beginning Saturday, May 24th, I will open a grist mill at Preoria on Railroad street, near the Central depot. Will grind corn every Saturday. I solicit a share of the public patronage.

Respectfully,
H. A. AKERMAN. (22may21c)

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that there will be introduced at the next session of the General Assembly of Georgia a bill of which the following is the caption:

"A bill to amend the Act creating the City Court of Statesboro, approved July 20, 1905 (Acts 1905, page 158), and the acts amendatory thereto, by changing the term of the solicitor of said court from two to four years, and four other purposes."

This May 18, 1924.
H. D. BRANNEN, Representative. (22may41c)

WHIP THE BOLL WEEVIL AND MAKE A COTTON CROP

I wish to notify the public that I am again handling the time-tried boll weevil remedy, Weevilpin, which I sold last year and proved its efficacy. Don't be misled by the many cheap imitations which claim so much and do so little. Weevilpin has been fully tried and it has proved its worth to the cotton farmer. With the use of this remedy I made four bales last year on five acres. Will gladly furnish the names of others who used the remedy.

MR. OLLIFF DISCUSSES RIGHTS OF POND OWNERS

The man who owns the land on which he produces crops or on which he raises poultry, hogs, cattle, goats, has a right under the law to slaughter a fatted calf or to take the head off of a spring chicken or to kill a pig whenever his needs demand. The tenant has the same rights. We are all agreed on this, and we feel that this is the right of every man who produces. And why not?

The man who at a heavy cost in labor and expenditure of money, builds a pond or buys one already built should have the right to catch one fish or one thousand from that pond any time he sees fit and profitable to him. As the law now is, a man who builds a fish pond and raises fish, is a criminal if he sets a net between February the first and July the first and catches fish that he raises in his own private pond. In this section of Georgia, all ponds are private. It is common to see a man keep in repair any pond. Time decays and water corrodes to the extent that it is an eternal job to keep a pond in shape to always hold a head of water.

The man who operates a grist mill or ginney or a saw mill in connection with his fish pond does not now cannot get a sufficient revenue from those sources alone to enable him to build and meet the upkeep of such an enterprise. The prime purpose has been and will be for the raising and catching of fish that will enable the section are built and maintained. Unless the law be so modified that the man who builds and keeps up a pond can at his will fish in any way he sees fit, many ponds will be permitted to go down, because the source of revenue will be cut off.

A pond of any size—say an average mill pond of this county—will increase the fish of the section in which it is located not less than one thousand per cent. I believe such pond will increase the fish supply more than five thousand per cent. Then why not, in name of common justice to the man who has borne the expense, permit him to use his enterprise in such way as he sees fit? The waters above such pond have more fish by far than they would contain otherwise, and so will the stream below.

The idea of prosecuting a man for catching fish on his own mill sheeting in any way he sees fit to do seems to me to be the most foolish thing imaginable. But now it is the law and we cannot condemn our officers for the enforcement of such law. They themselves feel the law is wrong. They are asked by the law to do, and they are embarrassed that such is the law.

We need our fish laws amended so as to permit men who own ponds, whether they operate grist mills or not, to fish in any way they may see fit at any time of the year. Let the ponds all go down and we will soon have but few fish in our smaller streams. I know this is true, because I have seen just such happen and have had a chance to make such observation.

Where the law is most flagrantly violated, the men do with it. The Ogeechee river is filled from month to its source with these little wire baskets and thousands of perch and trout are caught in this way. In a few years, unless this unfair method of fishing be stopped, we will find that the fish will be extinct almost everywhere in this famous stream. It would pay to have men to look after this one thing alone year in and year out until this method of fishing is broken up. It can be done and must be or else our fish will be destroyed. Let's get after the men who are doing fat more damage than the man who owns a pond and catches a few fish in his traps or nets out of season. The river is filled with just such things as I have mentioned above. I know, because when the water is low, it is not much trouble to catch them in casting along the river banks in fishing for red breast by the method called pitching.

Let us make an effort to do something for the man who owns a pond. He is rendering a service and raising fish for us all. But his revenue is too small to prevent him from catching and selling fish, the proceeds of which he must use to keep his pond fit.

Respectfully,
B. R. OLLIFF.

LOST—On streets of Statesboro or on road to Port, one ladies' purse containing small sum of money and a small note. If returned to Mrs. JOHN COLEMAN, Brooklet, Ga. (27mar41c)

FOR SALE OR RENT CHAP—An 8-room house in town of Brooklet, on Highway No. 1. J. H. WYATT or MRS. JOHN COLEMAN, Brooklet, Ga. (27mar41c)

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LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. H. D. Brannen is visiting in Clinton, S. C.

J. R. Averitt is attending the K. of P. convention in Macon.

E. R. Crockett of Sylvania spent Monday with W. R. Outland.

Miss Marie Preterius spent Wednesday and Thursday in Savannah.

Mrs. C. M. Cumming has returned from a visit to her sister in Savannah.

Arthur Davis, of Macon, is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Davis.

Misses Janie Lou Brannen and Marjorie Deke are visiting Mrs. Adie in Savannah.

Messrs. Tom Outland, Roger Holland and F. T. Lanier spent Thursday in Savannah.

Judge J. F. Fields spent Sunday in Savannah, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Cliff Forham.

Max Baundin and Mr. Hosselton spent several days during the week in Charleston.

Mrs. J. Barney Averitt and little son, Jack, are visiting Mrs. Eliot Parish in Savannah.

Miss Ethel Hendrix is spending the summer in Atlanta with her sister, Mrs. P. C. Collins.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Borchhalter announce the birth of a daughter, Martha Nellie, May 1st.

Mrs. John Roach was called to Atlanta Tuesday on account of the serious illness of her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Lee and daughter, Miss Glennis, of Brookline, were visitors in the city Tuesday.

Miss Melie Stanton has returned to her home in Social Circle after a visit to Mrs. C. W. Brannen.

Miss Marion Cooper and Frank Cooper, of Sylvania, spent last week-end with Miss Milburne Sharpe.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Outland, of Goodwater, Ala., spent last week-end with Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Outland.

Mrs. Will McMillon and children have returned to Swainsboro after a visit to her aunt, Mrs. Perry Kennedy.

Miss Lila Doster, of Andrew College, spent Wednesday with Mrs. M. C. Sharpe and Miss Milburne Sharpe.

Mrs. Benjamin Crockett and little daughter, Margaret Lucile, spent last week-end with Mrs. E. R. Crockett in Sylvania.

Mrs. W. H. Simmons returned Monday from Atlanta, where she was a church to the W. M. U. convention last week.

Walter Fletcher, who has been at home here for several days, left Monday for Dothan, Ala., where he will be employed.

Miss Marguerite Turner has returned from Macon, where she attended Wesleyan College during the term now ending.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Mooney and Mr. E. A. Smith and little daughter, Mary Ruth, spent the week-end in Tybee and Savannah.

Miss Manie Jay will leave Saturday for Valdosta, where she will attend the graduation of her sister, Miss Lemuel Jay, of G. S. C. W.

Mr. and Mrs. Brooks Waters, of Metter, and Mrs. Horace Waters, of Statesboro, spent Monday and Tuesday in Savannah and Tybee.

Mrs. Harley T. Jnes, Mr. and Mrs. DeRoy Jones, Miss Myrtle Jones, Mrs. Delma Kennedy and little son, Mrs. Miss Elma Waters spent Sunday in Register.

Messrs. Emitt Lee and Lovell Anderson, of Miami, Fla., were called home during the week on account of the serious illness of their father, E. M. Anderson, Sr.

Elder and Mrs. Henry Swain and Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Banks spent the past week-end in Adel, where Elder Swain preached the commencement sermon on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Addison and children and Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Darby and children were guests at a fish supper given by Dr. and Mrs. O. Strickland in Pembroke Tuesday.

Mr. E. A. Smith and little daughter, Mary Ruth, are visiting his mother in Coopers, and will join Mrs. Smith, who has been attending the Southern Baptist Convention in Atlanta and return home Saturday.

Mrs. Russell Rogers was joined here Friday by Misses Becky and Sara Morris, her sisters, and Miss Mollie Hallman, of Orangeburg, S. C., and Miss Lila Morris, of Milligan, Tenn., for a week's visit to Riverland, Fla. They go to be present at the marriage of Miss Mollie Mae Morris of that city.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL CALLS.
A lovely affair of Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. E. Oxendine was the party given by the Treasure Seekers class of the Methodist Sunday-school complimentary to the teachers of the Statesboro schools. The home was beautiful with a profusion of bright spring flowers.

OCTAGON CLUB.
Mrs. A. F. Mikell has hosted to the Octagon Club Wednesday afternoon at her home on North Main street. Vari-colored sweet peas arranged in baskets ornamented the spacious living room. Guests for three tables of bridge were invited.

FOR A VISITOR.
Miss Mollie Stanton, of Social Circle, the attractive guest of Mrs. C. W. Brannen, was the inspiration of a number of social affairs during the week.

Thursday afternoon Mrs. Brannen entertained complimentary to her visitor. A medley of bright garden flowers were used in the decorations of the rooms where the guests were entertained.

WHILE-AWAY CLUB.
Mrs. J. D. Lee very delightfully entertained the While-Away Club Friday afternoon at her home on Savannah avenue. Baskets of Dorothy Perkins roses decorated the rooms where the guests were entertained. Nine tables were arranged for progressive rook. After the games the guests, assisted by her sister, Miss Louise Hughes, served a salad course.

DOUBLE BIRTHDAY DINNER.
A most pleasant occasion was on Sunday when Master Harold Anderson and little Margaret Frances Denmark celebrated fifty of their little friends with a birthday dinner in honor of their eighth and third birthday. After playing many games in the late afternoon ice cream and cake were served by the mother of little Margaret Frances, Mrs. J. A. Denmark.

DOUBLE BIRTHDAY PARTY.
Misses Edith and Florence Brunson delightfully entertained about thirty-five of their little friends Saturday afternoon at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Brunson, at Tybee, in honor of their ninth and twelfth birthday. The little guests enjoyed several games and recitations after which cream and cake, crackers and candy were served by Miss Alma Brunson and Mrs. H. V. Franklin.

\$100 SCHOLARSHIP.
Dr. Weaver, president of Mercer University, has offered a scholarship valued at \$100 to the girls of Georgia. Some girl will win this scholarship. Why not you? The terms are very simple. This scholarship will be given to the state organization having the largest attendance, exceeding 25, at the Mercer Institute for Women, All Macon students will be barred from the count.

Each student will state on her registration card the organization she represents. The organization receiving the scholarship will use it in the congressional district having the largest number of students in attendance at the Mercer Institute for Women, June 16-28. Therefore it behooves all the girls and women from the first district and from Bulloch county, to be there.

You may win the \$100 scholarship. Should there be a tie, there will be two scholarships.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Dr. Aquila Chambers, president of Bessie Tift College, will preach at the Baptist church Sunday night. Dr. Chambers is one of the best loved men in the Baptist denomination, an earnest, soul-stirring gospel preacher. Be sure to hear him.

An excellent program of music has been arranged for the occasion. Miss Duren and Mrs. Mullins, assisted by other members of the orchestra will render the special numbers. The large chorus choir will render a selection.

Sunday-school as usual, but the morning service will be called off in order that the congregation may attend commencement exercises of the schools.

BRING US YOUR PRODUCE. WE PAY YOU THE CASH.
WANTED, SATURDAY.
200 pounds of small Country Hams.
GLENN BLAND.

Morning Frocks In Striped Flannel



A simple frock that has dauntless and brightness to recommend it, is sure to spend its life in the company of fine ladies—it embodies the points they love. Such are this season's morning frocks of silk or wool fabric, striped flannel, showing color with white, is immensely popular for these frocks and one of them with collar and cuffs of fine batiste, is shown here.

INTERESTING PROGRAM OF LITERARY CLUB

The third session of the Register Literary Club convened at the home of Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Franklin Saturday evening, May 17. The program was thoroughly enjoyed by a large assembly, and was as follows:

Song—Ralph Dekle and Benjy Franklin.
Reading—Henrietta Dekle.

Due—Harry Bowen and H. V. Franklin, Jr.
Reading—Carroll Dekle.

Piano solo—Ouida Brunson.
Dialogue—Ruth Rebecca Franklin and Harry Bowen.

Planologue—Miss Mattie Mae Rushing.
Essay—Mrs. R. L. Bowen.

Song—Misses Edna and Nita Bowen, Carlos Brunson and A. J. Bowen.
Declaration—J. R. Franklin.

Mixed quartette—Carl Franklin, A. J. Bowen, Hoke Brunson and Miss Mattie Mae Rushing.

Reading—Virginia Bowen.
Reading—Ivy Ivy.

Duet—Edith and Florence Brunson.
After the program several new members were enrolled. Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Brunson called for the next meeting which will be held Saturday evening, May 31st.

SINGING CONVENTION.
The Bulloch county singing convention will meet next Sunday, May 25, at the Missionary church two miles below Sylvania on the Dixie highway. Everybody is invited.

C. H. WARNOCK.

RECRUITING OFFICER TO VISIT STATESBORO

Carl G. Schuler, sergeant of the U. S. Marine Corps, Savannah, will be in Statesboro Saturday, May 24th, for the purpose of giving information to any young men who may be interested in that branch of the service.

PORTAL SCHOOL CLOSING.
Friday evening, May 23, at 8:30 o'clock the music and expression departments will present a program. The following Monday night at the same hour the eleventh grade will present, "My Irish Rose," a comedy in three acts, followed by the delivery of certificates. The public is cordially invited.

E. T. DENMARK, Prin.

WATERMELON GROWERS ARE WELL ORGANIZED

An organization among the melon growers of Bulloch county is said to include in its membership eighty-five per cent of the growers of the county. The plan of the organization is the same as adopted for the cotton growers and is for a five-year period.

The melon crop of the county is now in promising condition, though several days later than usual. There are a few growers, however, who have prospects for ripe melons within the next thirty days.

Father Sage Says

"They say that of a dog bites a man, that's nothing; but that of the man bites the dog, that's a new thing. Well, I suppose now that the man bites the dog, the dog bites back. What's that?"

WANTED, SATURDAY.
200 pounds of small Country Hams.
GLENN BLAND.

CLOSING EXERCISES OF COLORED HIGH SCHOOL

The closing exercises of the Statesboro High and Industrial colored school will begin Sunday and continue through till Saturday evening. The program for the week is as follows:

Sunday, May 25, 4:00 p. m.—Commencement sermon by Rev. Daniel G. Cannon, D. D., Atlanta, Ga.

Monday, May 26, 8:30 p. m.—Exercises of Primary Department. Plays, "When the School Bell Rings," "Goose's Thirt Party," "Pharaoh and Israelites," cantata, "Little Sisters."

Tuesday, May 27, 8:30 p. m.—Exercises Grammar Department. Plays, "The Minister's Call," "The Rummage Sale," "A Woman's Privilege."

Wednesday, May 27, 8:30 p. m.—Exercises High School Department. Plays, "Prisoners at Millersville," "Lost in London," Hawaiian Drill.

Thursday, May 29, 8:30 p. m.—Graduating exercises. Commencement address by Rev. W. T. Granade, Statesboro, Ga.

We Pay Cash For POULTRY

SEE US BEFORE YOU SELL YOUR POULTRY MONDAY, AS WE HAVE A SPECIAL OFFER FOR THAT DAY'S DELIVERY.

WE KEEP A POULTRY CAR RUNNING EACH WEEK AND PAY CASH.

YOU KNOW US AND WE KNOW YOU AND YOU ARE WELCOME TO WATCH OUR SCALES.

ON WEST MAIN STREET

Cecil W. Brannen

28-30 WEST MAIN STREET.

Summer Dresses : Frolaset Corsets

GINGHAM DRESSES
50 of them, all sizes, value \$3.00
SPECIAL \$1.95

DRESSES! DRESSES!
Voiles, Linens, Tub Silks
Voiles at \$6.50 and \$9.75
Linen at \$4.95 and \$6.00
Tub Silks at \$12.75 and \$15.75



FROLASET CORSETS AND
BRANDBELTS

They are shaped in the making and clinging to the figure. They stay put. Guaranteed not to ride up.

Kennedy's Smart Shop

Correct Dress for Women

THE JAECKEL HOTEL IS NEXT DOOR TO US.

The Sea Island Bank

The farmers problem is our problem. We have always tried to co-operate with and serve our farmer customers. We expect to continue this policy.

Co-Operative Marketing for Cotton

IS A PROVEN SUCCESS. WE HAVE STOOD FOR IT IN THE PAST. WE ARE STRONG FOR IT IN THE FUTURE.

It will give you correct grades, fairer prices, HELP YOUR CREDIT and make the farming business profitable.

WE BELIEVE OUR COTTON GROWERS WILL PROFIT BY BEING MEMBERS OF THE GEORGIA COTTON GROWERS CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION.

Bulloch Times, Established 1892
Statesboro News, Established 1901
Statesboro Eagle, Established 1917

Consolidated January 17, 1917.
Consolidated December 9, 1920.

HOW LA FOLLETTE IS MAKING HIS PLANS

WILL RUN IF DEMOCRATS NAME A CANDIDATE WHOM HE CAN NOT WILLINGLY SUPPORT.

Washington, D. C., May 24.—One of the paradoxes of the political situation as observed from Washington relates to the part which Senator La Follette of Wisconsin may play in the coming presidential campaign.

If La Follette runs on a third or independent ticket, it is taken for granted that he will carry several of the Middle Western states generally regarded as vital to regular Republican chances of success. The overwhelming prospect in that event, as it was in 1912 when Roosevelt bolted and in 1920 when the Populist wave was at its height, would be that the Democratic candidates would win the electoral college. A split Republican party is Democracy's best asset.

Therefore, it is to the interest of the Democratic party that La Follette should run.

Yet the only way of making all sure that La Follette will enter the race for the presidency appears to be for the Democrats not to nominate a presidential candidate who would be regarded as satisfactorily "progressive" from the La Follette point of view.

The Wisconsin senator sometime ago remarked that there would be a third ticket in the field if the candidates of the two old parties should be "reactionary." This is another way of saying that the senator himself will be disposed to go into the fight unless he regards one of the nominees of the two old parties as progressive.

Of course, Mr. La Follette is not specifying at the moment when he regards as progressive and whom he does not. He is waiting for the Republican and Democratic parties to name their men, after which he will decide whether or not he will care to run. Everybody knows, however, that La Follette looks upon President Coolidge as a typical reactionary; so the decision of the Wisconsin senator as to entering the lists as an independent really will be governed by the outcome of the Democratic convention, as the nomination of President Coolidge at Cleveland is a foregone conclusion.

La Follette publicists are laying great stress upon the possibility that the election of President will be thrown into Congress if there is a third ticket in the field next fall. There is excellent evidence that this will-o-the-wisp of a dead lock is in the electoral college is the one kind of light that La Follette watchmen discern in the political gloom. But even from their point of view, this light must flicker and expire unless as an independent nominee for the presidency Senator La Follette has a good prospect of carrying a number of states. He must have enough votes of his own in the college to prevent a repetition of the 1912 and Harrison episodes, when the three party contest resulted merely in carrying the electoral college for the Democrats with a whoop.

It is not to be assumed that Senator La Follette and his friends would be so pleased to see the Democrats nominate a radical candidate that they would not wish to enter the field against him, whatever they might protest along that line. The La Follette spear does not know a brother any more than the Roosevelt spear did. The controlling consideration would be the practical one that with the Democracy preempting the radical field, as it did in 1916, when Gov. Altgeld of Illinois dictated the platform and Mr. Bryan was nominated on the cross-of-gold speech, much of the western territory on which La Follette people would naturally count for electoral votes would go Democratic, while the regular Republican ticket would get the vote in the business states.

In such situation, La Follette might not even carry Wisconsin, but he and his political household think they can visualize a really formidable and perhaps decisive plank of votes in the electoral college for a La Follette ticket if the two old parties put up "reactionaries" as candidates.

There is a persistent rumor that if Senator La Follette does enter the field he will not put anything but a

(Continued on page 2)

EXCURSION TO AUGUSTA OVER GEORGIA & FLORIDA

The Georgia & Florida Railway, operating over the Statesboro Northern, will run its first excursion of the season from Statesboro to Augusta on Wednesday of next week, June 4. A rate of \$2.00 for the round trip will be given. The train will leave Statesboro at 6:30 a. m. and arrive at Augusta at 11:05. Returning will leave Augusta at 8:30 p. m. and arrive at Statesboro at 11:00 p. m. Stops will be made at all stations on the line, and the rate from Portal and Aaron will be \$1.75 for the round trip. Separate coaches will be provided for colored people.

The Georgia Northern is a home institution, having formerly been known as the Midland Railway. It was recently bought by local citizens and saved from the junk pile at considerable expense with a view to serving this territory. It is being operated by arrangement with the Georgia and Florida Railway. Arrivals and departures are at the Savannah and Statesboro terminals.

Several thousand new cross-ties have been put in the tracks, daily passenger service has been in operation over the line for some weeks, and it is understood that the track is in excellent condition.

A. & M. SCHOOL CLOSES WITH THIRTY GRADUATES

With thirty receiving diplomas, the First District A. & M. School came to a close with Tuesday evening's exercises.

The commencement program began with Friday evening's exercises, which were in the nature of a demonstration by the various classes showing their work for the year.

Sunday morning, Rev. J. A. Thomas, of Savannah, preached the commencement sermon; Monday evening was alumni night, and Tuesday evening brought the final event—the presentation of diplomas.

The members of the graduating class were:

Clyde Barber, Savannah; George Bird, Metter; Myrtle Bird, Metter; Herbert Bland, Statesboro; Harvey Blitch, Oliver; Lillian Bradley, Statesboro; Irvin Brantley, Statesboro; Scott, Margaret Cone, Hubert; Ruth Connor, Halcynondale; Duke Dixon, Girard; Clinton Dixon, Sylvania; Wade Connor, Halcynondale; Ruby Girardeau, Willie; Sarah Hall, Statesboro; Louise Hagin, Statesboro; Cora Lee Harvey, Glenville; Eloise Her, Statesboro; E. L. Jones, Savannah; Helen Kemp, Halcynondale; Leona Lee, Leefield; Myrtle Minney, Brooklet; Glenn Morgan, Egypt; Vardeman Osteen, Letford; W. O. Phillips, Coventry; Wilbur Roach, Statesboro; Monica Robinson, Statesboro; Delmas Rushing, Register; Era Zetterower.

SOPERTON EDITOR IS MURDEROUSLY ATTACKED

Horace M. Flanders, of Soperton, editor and proprietor of the News at that place, was murderously attacked Tuesday night by Crosby Williams, a merchant of Soperton, and is lying at death's door as a result of a pistol shot through his body. Flanders is a member of the A. A. Flanders, of the Times office, and is 34 years old.

The attack upon Flanders was the outcome of political differences, it is said. The editor had written some rather vigorous editorials on the whiskey traffic which were objected to by Williams.

According to published reports of the trouble, on Tuesday evening Williams met Flanders near his office and began cursing him. Flanders resented the language and told Williams he would rather fight him than take the abuse. He removed his eye glasses and hat and laid them on the running board of an automobile. As he straightened up, Williams fired upon him with a pistol, the ball passing through his body just above the heart and lodging under his shoulder blade. Williams then escaped and at last accounts was in hiding.

Reports today are that the injured man has a chance for recovery.

Planning the Disbursement of The Federal Soldier Bonus



Colonel C. A. Penington, Chief of the Insurance Division, and General Frank Hines, Director of the Veterans Bureau, Washington, going over the plans for the disbursement of the soldier insurance bonus.

BISHOP OPPOSES UNION OF CHURCHES

Candler declares plan proposed means bifurcation and not unification.

Atlanta, May 24.—Bishop Warren A. Candler, senior bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, regarding the proposed plan of unification of the Northern and Southern Methodist churches as "dangerous and hurtful to both," and "if adopted it would hurt most the Methodist Episcopal Church, South," according to a statement he made public here tonight.

"It is not strange," the statement declared, "that the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, North, adopted the joint plan 'with such haste and unanimity.' The plan gives them so much advantage over our church that most naturally they leaped to seize the prize which they thought they saw in sight, apparently forgetting all other considerations."

"The two churches," after living together, with such strife and contention, from 1784 to 1944—60 years—have lived as separate churches from 1844 to 1924—80 years. They have lived apart 20 years longer than they lived together, and during these 80 years of separation they constantly diverged in both polity and spirit, more and more every year."

Many essential points of difference will be discovered by an examination and comparison of the books of discipline of the two churches, the bishop declared; and "again, the two churches are not 'one in spirit.'"

"The Northern church constantly meddles with political matters," the statement continued, "as the Southern church does not and ought not to do."

"During their general conference of this year, 1924, three committees have been sent to Washington on political missions, and all sorts of resolutions concerning political matters have been brought forward, including one about what is called the 'Dyer anti-lynching bill,' which is an unjust and unconstitutional bill aimed particularly at the South."

The joint plan now before the churches "most certainly is not a unification," Bishop Candler declared in conclusion, "but rather a case of dangerous bifurcation."

The college of bishops of the Southern church at a recent meeting held at Nashville, Tenn., voted to call a special general conference of the Southern church on July 2, to act on the question of unification. The committee on arrangements are to meet in Chattanooga June 28 to decide upon the meeting place.

CENTRAL RAILWAY TO ASSIST FARMERS

WILL SPEND GENEROUS SUM IN EACH COUNTY TRAVERSED BY ITS LINE OF ROAD.

An appropriation of \$10,000 to encourage soil reclamation has been authorized by President L. A. Downs of the Central of Georgia Railway. The Railway Company will spend \$125 in each of the eighty counties it serves, to prove that soil waste, methods both old and new will get the needed crop yields, due to increased plant food obtained at a cost which will show a good profit, is the result desired.

Proving that this may be done, calls for the adoption of unfamiliar methods, and a larger expenditure than any farmer's feet justified in at any time. Increased crop yields, due to increased plant food obtained at a cost which will show a good profit, is the result desired.

Why prove a fact so well known? Because knowing is not doing. Much has been learned about doing in the past few years, and there is a need for proving that a combination of methods both old and new will get the needed crop yields, due to increased plant food obtained at a cost which will show a good profit, is the result desired.

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